

2015 CEC Natural Gas Vehicle Research Roadmap Update

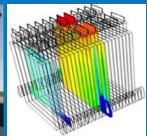










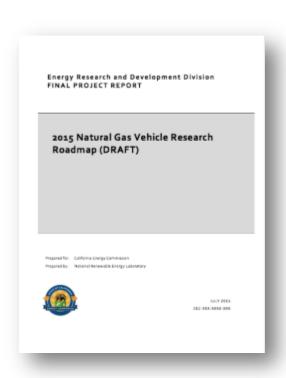


Natural Gas Vehicle Technology Forum

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October 20, 2015

CEC NGV Roadmap Overview and Objectives

Objective: Inform natural gas vehicle R&D investment decisions made by the California Energy Commission (CEC) and stakeholders to promote increased ratepayer benefits



NGVRR 2009

Developed in 2008-2009 to provide "most needed, major natural gas vehicle related research, development, demonstration, and deployment" in the following areas:

- Engine development and vehicle integration actions
- Fueling infrastructure and storage actions
- Technical and strategic studies actions

NGVRR 2015

Updates previous NGVRR to:

- Identify emerging R&D opportunities
- Identify fundamental changes in the NGV market and associated technologies
- Reassess the priority of previously identified technologies given developments to develop a "new baseline".

Guiding Direction and Legislation

Senate Bill 1250 (2006)

Enables Natural Gas Research funds to be used for advanced transportation technologies that reduce air pollution and GHG emissions beyond applicable standards as a benefit to natural gas ratepayers

Assembly Bill 1007 (2007)

Directed CEC to develop a State Alternative Fuels Plan. Plan presents strategies and actions California must take to increase the use of alternative transportation fuels including natural gas

Assembly Bill 32 (2006)

Calls for approximately 36% of the state's 2020 GHG reduction targets to come from the transportation sector

Assembly Bill 118 (2007)

Created the California Energy Commission's Alternative and Renewable Fuel and Vehicle Technology Program to deploy alternative and renewable fuels and advanced transportation technologies

Senate Bill 1204 (2014)

Created the California Clean Truck, Bus and Off-Road Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program to fund zero and near-zero emission truck, bus, and off-road vehicle and equipment technologies and related projects

2015 CEC NGV Research Roadmap Process

May 2014	Literature Review, Initial Outline Developed and Stakeholder Outreach Initiated	
August 2014	Development of Conceptual Draft	
October 2014	Presentation of Conceptual Draft at 2014 NGVTF	
December 2014	Outreach to Stakeholders to Review Conceptual Draft	
June 2015	Presentation of Final Draft to CEC for Review	
October 2015	Presentation of Final Draft at 2015 NGVTF	
Fall 2015	Final Draft NGVRR Released and Public Workshop (Tentative)	>
Spring 2016	Final NGVRR Released	>

2015 CEC NGV Research Roadmap

2015 NGVRR Core Components

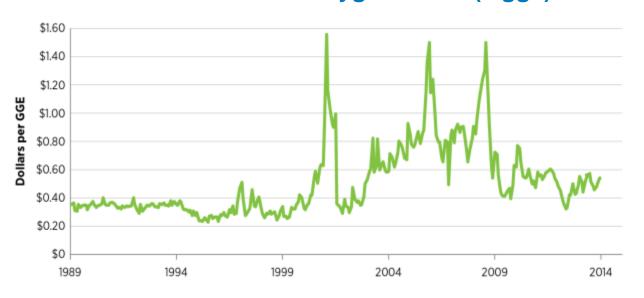
Review of Market and Technology Changes 2009-2014

NGV R&D Gaps and Market Barriers

Prioritization of R&D Recommendations

Significant Increases in Natural Gas Reserves and Production Projections Have Created Downward Pressure on Prices While Crude and Gasoline Prices also Have Decreased

U.S. Natural Gas Citygate Price (\$/gge)



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

WTI crude oil futures price

10/15/2015: **\$46.38/bbl** Down \$35.40 from year earlier

Natural gas futures price

10/15/2015:

\$2.453/mmBtu

Down \$1.347 from year earlier

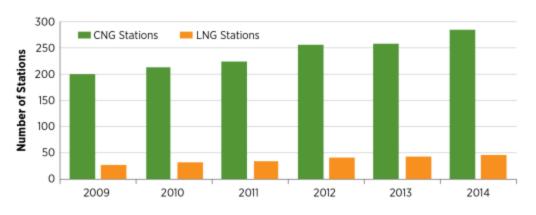
Retail gasoline price (West Coast PADD)

10/12/2015: **\$2.748/gal**

Down \$0.788 from year earlier

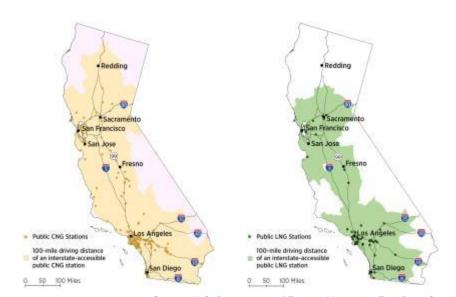
Steady Growth in Natural Gas Infrastructure Growth and Distribution

In 2009, there were 191 CNG stations and 25 LNG stations in CA. By 2014, this number increased to 284 and 46, respectively.



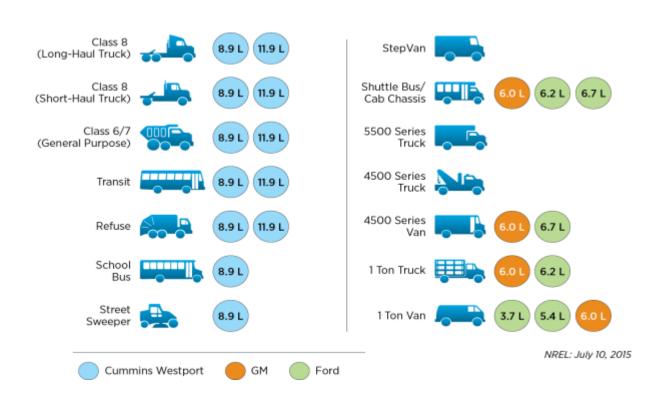
Source: U.S. Department of Energy Alternative Fuel Data Center

- Widespread public access to CNG for highway travel
- Robust CNG infrastructure in greater Los Angeles area
- Limited public availability of LNG



Source: U.S. Department of Energy Alternative Fuel Data Center

Improvements in OEM Availability for MD/HD

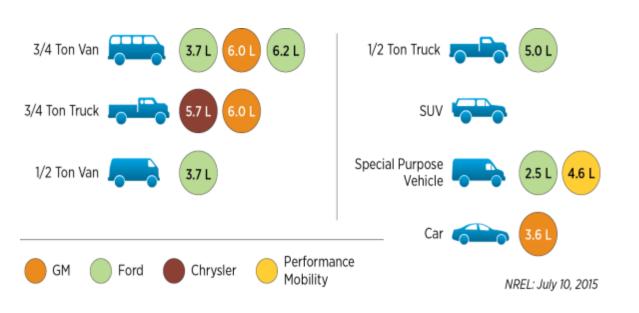


CWI 6.7L engine is in trial phase with deployment scheduled for 2016

Development of several large displacement engine have been postponed or cancelled

This chart represents the author's best estimate of vehicle and engine availability as of the anticipated date of final report publication and may be subject to further refinement prior to that date.

Light-Duty Market is Increasingly Aligning Towards Fleets



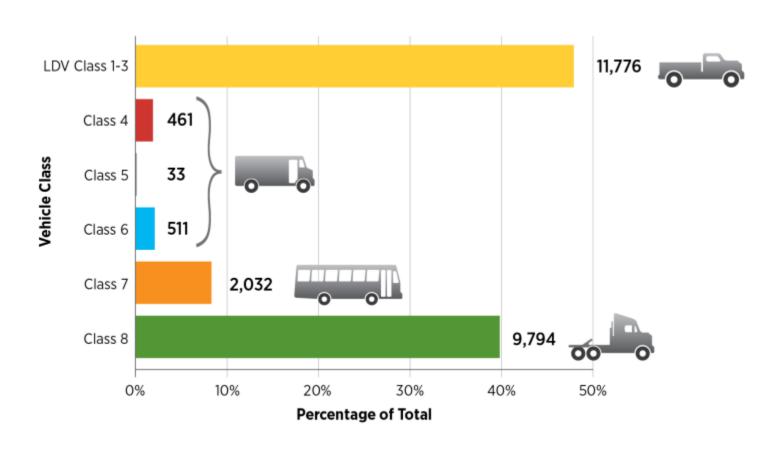
Honda announced that it is discontinuing CNG
Civic

Chevrolet Impala release has been delayed

Ford announced availability of CNG 5.0L engine for new F-150

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NGV Adoption Favors LD and HD NGVs, Less So MD



^{*}Does not include third-party conversions

NGVs have a significant opportunity to create and increase ratepayer value by leveraging abundant, low-cost natural gas

Key changes between 2009 and 2014 include:

- A growing, stable, market for natural gas production and use
- Increased natural gas engine availability, performance, and reliability
- Significant regulatory and policy developments that increase requirements for emission reductions
- Performance and efficiency gains in conventional vehicle technologies

Ratepayer Value

- Reduced operating costs for California consumers and businesses
- Greater utilization of existing natural gas infrastructure
- Reduced reliance on foreign petroleum
- Reduction of vehicle and life-cycle emissions

Barriers

- Vehicle and engine performance and availability
- Emission and environmental performance
- Range, storage, and Infrastructure
- Analysis and information sharing

Solutions

- Greater vehicle and engine availability
- Enhanced emission control strategies and technologies
- Enhanced on-board natural gas storage capacity, reduced cost, and infrastructure availability
- Greater infrastructure availability
- Enhanced baseline understanding of NGV market, impacts, and technology potential

Innovation is Needed to Maintain Momentum and Increase Ratepayer Benefits

Natural gas vehicle technology, features, and performance will need to experience significant levels of <u>innovation</u> to keep up with incumbent and emerging technologies and meet future regulations including the following:

- Decrease the cost of on-board natural gas storage and increase vehicle integration of storage
- Increase natural gas engine and vehicle availability, improve efficiency and maintain similar performance characteristics to gasoline and diesel alternatives.
- Advance technologies that continue to reduce NOx and greenhouse gas emissions.
- Continue supporting current, accurate, and timely information on natural gas vehicle technologies and availability.
- Continue coordination and collaboration between and among California and federal agencies with natural gas vehicle stakeholders to adapt to changing markets, customer needs, and technology developments.

Range, Storage, and Infrastructure — R&D Objective: Enhanced on-board natural gas storage capacity, reduced cost, and infrastructure availability				
	Short (0–1 year)	Medium (1-5 years)	Long (5-10 years)	
Increase Natural Gas Stor	age and Enhance Vehicle Integration			
Investment Needed: >\$1 million Priority/Impact: High	Identify technologies, strategies, and barriers to improve CNG storage integration	 Underwrite cost of vehicle design and engineering for better CNG storage integration Initial vehicle models become available 	Incorporate low pressure natural gas storage into vehicles Enable large-scale integration of compressed gas cylinders into vehicle designs	
Develop Low-Cost Carbon and Glass Fiber Storage				
Investment Needed: >\$1 million Priority/Impact: High	Identify collaboration opportunities with the National Network for Manufacturing Innovation	 Fund dedicated research center(s) for the development of low-cost manufacturing of lightweight gas storage cylinders Certify and integrate advanced fiber-based storage vessels into vehicles 	Develop bio-based materials for storage containers	
Maximize Cylinder Utilization and Improve Fill Quality				
Investment Needed: \$1 million Priority/Impact: High	 Develop algorithms in fueling dispensers and on-board vehicles to adjust for temperature changes during fueling to ensure a greater fill 	Conduct research on sensor, pressure relief devices, and valve technologies that can enable greater CNG fill capacity		

	Short (0–1 year)	Medium (1-5 years)	Long (5-10 years)
Develop Low-Pressure, H	igh-Density Natural Gas Storage Vesse	els	
Investment Needed: >\$1 million Priority/Impact: Medium	Complete ARPA-E projects to allow for further technology assessments	Resolve fuel compatiability and durability issues with adsorbents.	 Enable commercially viable adsorbent storage as multiple performance targets are met Begin to integrate commercially viable adsorbent storage product into vehicles
Develop Small or Modular	r Fueling Facilities		
Investment Needed: >\$1 million Priority/Impact: Medium		 Develop small-scale (1-5 vehicles) refueling facility technologies Develop modular fueling infrastructure technology that can be scaled as demand increases 	
Promote "Smart" Cylinde	ers and Refueling Stations to Enhance N	Monitoring Capabilities	
Investment Needed: \$1 million Priority/Impact: Medium		 Develop algorithms, sensing, and communications technology in fueling dispensers, natural gas storage containers, and vehicles to communicate critical operating and safety information. Some of these technologies may also enhance fill quality as noted previously 	

	Short (0-1 year)	Medium (1-5 years)	Long (5-10 years)
Develop Certification Pro	cedures for Natural Gas Conformable	Storage Tanks	
nvestment Needed: <\$1 million Priority/Impact: Low		 Identify protocols needed for conformable tank certification Develop technology and procedures for conformable tank certification 	
Develop Cost-Effective H	ome Refueling Technologies		
Investment Needed: >\$1 million Priority/Impact: Low		Develop home refueling technologies that can be cost competitive with home electric vehicle charging	
Increase Fueling Station (Operational Efficiency		
investment Needed: <\$1 million Priority/Impact: Low	 Fund and identify opportunities for greater fueling infrastructure efficiency via on-site storage and improved operation 		

Vehicle and Engine Performance and Availability - R&D Objective: Greater Vehicle and Engine Availability Short (0-1 year) Medium (1-5 years) Long (5-10 years) Continue Research in Medium- and Heavy-Duty Engine Development Investment Needed: >\$1 million Assess R&D and market needs Continue the development of low Support the development of HCCI Priority/Impact: High for LNG engines in heavy-duty NOx engines and technologies and RCCI engines to ensure that applications given recent delays such as exhaust gas recirculation, they are compatible with natural ignition, and fuel injection gas and provide comparable or superior performance to diesel Continue integration of engines into medium- and heavy-duty vehicle applications · Pursue R&D in medium- and heavy-duty natural gas engines that can reduce fuel economy penaties relative to diesel Invest in Light-Duty Engine Development and Direct Injection Engines Investment Needed: >\$1 million · Identify needs for additional Develop solutions for natural engines and emission controls gas to be used in direct injection Priority/Impact: Medium when using natural gas in highengines such as fuel injection and efficiency engines ignition technologies Underwrite costs to develop additional high-efficiency natural gas engines such as Atkinson and Miller cycle technology **Exploit Natural Gas Properties and Address Fuel Quality Discrepancies** Investment Needed: >\$1 million Identify optimal control strategies Develop clean sheet natural gas for the operation of natural gas engines with specific design and Priority/Impact: **Medium** in current engine designs and control strategies applications

	Short (0-1 year)	Medium (1-5 years)	Long (5-10 years)	
Promote Further Develop	ment of Vehicle Hybridization and Ele	ctrification Technologies		
Investment Needed: >\$1 million Priority/Impact: Medium	 Identify niche markets and portions of a given vehicle's drive cycle that would benefit from the hybridization of natural gas powertrains 	Support the incorporation of hybridization technologies into light-, medium-, and heavy-duty vehicle and engine development		
Develop Optimized Emission Controls for Natural Gas				
Investment Needed: \$1 million Priority/Impact: Medium	Identify current emission profiles for natural gas vehicles	Fund the development of aftertreatment and emission controls, including methane, that will provided for enhanced emission profiles and more efficient operations		
Address LNG Storage Tan	k Venting on Vehicles			
Investment Needed: \$1 million Priority/Impact: Low		 Fund research to reduce LNG venting during operations, which may include recirculation, greater insulation, or cooling 		

Analysis and Information Sharing — R&D Objective: Enhanced Baseline Understanding of NGV Market, Impacts, and Technology Potentia				
	Short (0-1 year)	Medium (1-5 years)	Long (5-10 years)	
Update Emission Data on	Natural Gas Vehicles			
nvestment Needed: \$1 million Priority/Impact: High		Conduct vehicle chassis dynamometer testing to compare emission levels between various gasoline, diesel, and natural gas vehicles and engines utilizing drive cycles that represent NGV market opportunities		
Continue and Enhance Coordinated NGV Research and Support the NGVTF				
nvestment Needed: <\$1 million Priority/Impact: High	 Continue to leverage the NGVTF as a means to gather stakeholder input and discuss and refine research priorities Identify opportunities for collaboration with DOE and ARPA-E via funding opportunity announcements and regular program activities 	 Explore the inclusion of additional technologies such as marine and rail into the NGVTF Determine the need to revise and rescope the NGVRR 		
Determine the Best Use o	f Natural Gas in Transportation			
Investment Needed: <\$1 million Priority/Impact: Medium		 Fund a study to look at competing uses for natural gas in the transportation sector in light of policy objectives and elsewhere to determine the best opportunities, applications, or niches for future R&D 		

Analysis and Information Sharing — R&D Objective: Enhanced Baseline Understanding of NGV Market, Impacts, and Technology Potential					
	Short (0-1 year)	Medium (1-5 years)	Long (5-10 years)		
Continue to Enhance Pub	Continue to Enhance Publically Available Information on Natural Gas Vehicles				
Investment Needed: <\$1 million Priority/Impact: Medium	 Work with fuel providers, utilities, and natural gas stakeholders to develop a comprehensive and detailed list of natural gas fueling sites in California Develop better data and mechanisms for collecting data on the resale and repurposing of vehicles to run on natural gas 				
Identify Market Impact of Technology Developments					
Investment Needed: <\$1 million Priority/Impact: Low		Fund a study to quantify the economic and deployment potential of the various technology investments outlined in the NGVRR			

Stakeholder Input Has Been Critical

On behalf of CEC, NREL would like to thank and acknowledge the following organizations for their contributions to the NVGRR development:

Agility Gladstein, Neandross, and Associates

American Honda Motor Co. NGVAmerica

Atlanta Gas and Light Pacific Gas and Electric Company

California Air Resources Board Port of Los Angeles

California Energy Commission
Alternative and Renewable Fuel and
South Coast Air Quality Management

Vehicle Technology Program

District

Clean Vehicle Education Foundation

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Cummins Westport

U.S. Department of Energy – Advanced
Research Projects Agency – Energy

Research Projects Agency - Energy

Southern California Gas Company

U.S. Department of Energy – Vehicle

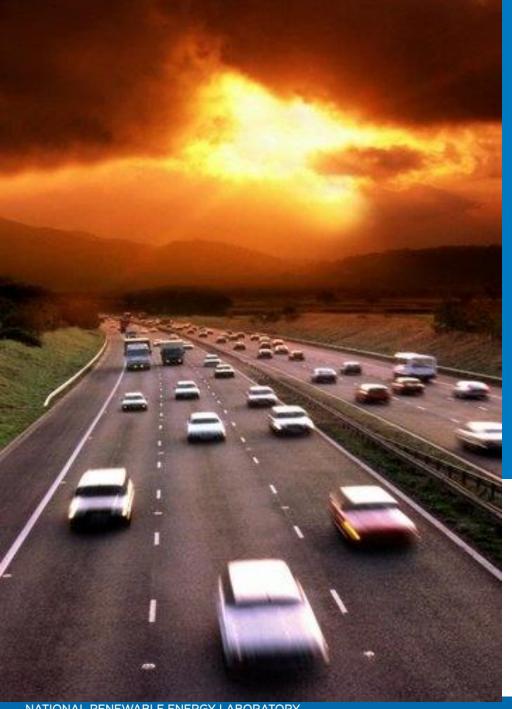
Technologies Office

Waste Management

General Motors Westport

Fiat Chrysler Automobiles

Gas Technology Institute



Thank You

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Learn more at www.nrel.gov/vehiclesandfuels www.nrel.gov/hydrogen